HOUSE BILL No. 1504

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 36-1-8-14; IC 36-2-5-11; IC 36-7-3-4.

Synopsis: Three-fourths majority voting. Provides that with respect to an action under the law governing local government that requires a three-fourths vote, the number of votes necessary to satisfy the requirement is the greatest whole number less than the actual arithmetic computation that would result.

Effective: July 1, 2001.

Ayres, Stevenson, Aguilera, Frenz

January 11, 2001, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.





First Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2001)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2000 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1504

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 36-1-8-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 14. Whenever this title requires an action to be taken by a three-fourths (3/4) vote, the number of votes necessary to satisfy the requirement is the greatest whole number less than the actual arithmetic computation that would result.

SECTION 2. IC 36-2-5-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 11. (a) At the county fiscal body's annual meeting under IC 36-2-3-7(b)(2), the county auditor shall present the budget estimates filed with him under section 9 of this chapter and the ordinances prepared by him under section 10 of this chapter. He may also present his recommendations concerning the estimates.

- (b) At its annual meeting under IC 36-2-3-7(b)(2), the county fiscal body shall fix the county tax rate and make appropriations for the next calendar year by:
 - (1) adopting the ordinances presented by the county auditor;

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1	(2) amending the ordinances presented by the county auditor; or
2	(3) substituting other ordinances for those presented by the county
3	auditor.
4	Each ordinance must be read on at least two (2) separate days before
5	its final adoption. The fiscal body may require the preparer of an
6	estimate that is not sufficiently itemized to itemize it in more detail. At
7	least a three-fourths (3/4) vote (as described in IC 36-1-8-14) of the
8	fiscal body is required to make an appropriation for an item not
9 10	contained in an estimate or for a greater amount than that named in an item of an estimate.
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	(c) At its annual meeting under IC 36-2-3-7(b)(2), the county fiscal
12	body shall consider the statements and recommendations submitted by
13 14	the county executive under section 4(b) of this chapter and shall then
15	adopt an ordinance, separate from those adopted under subsection (b),
16	fixing: (1) the compensation of all officers, deputies and other employees
17	subject to this chapter; and
18	(2) the number of deputies and other employees for each office,
19	department, commission, or agency, except part-time and hourly
20	rated employees, whose employment shall be limited only by the
21	amount of funds appropriated to pay their compensation.
22	SECTION 3. IC 36-7-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 4. (a) A municipality that does not
24	have a sufficient survey and plat of its corporate territory may, by a
25	resolution of its legislative body passed by a two-thirds (2/3) vote,
26	order a survey and plat of the municipality. When the survey and plat
27	have been made, the legislative body may adopt them by a resolution
28	passed by three-fourths (3/4) vote (as described in IC 36-1-8-14). If
29	a survey and plat of the municipality have already been made, without
30	the order of the legislative body, it may adopt them by a resolution
31	passed by a three-fourths (3/4) vote.
32	(b) The survey and plat are considered adopted by the municipality
33	for all purposes if a certified copy of the resolution adopting the survey
34	and plat is:
35	(1) signed by the municipal executive and clerk;
36	(2) attested by the seal of the municipality; and
37	(3) recorded with the survey and plat in the office of the recorder
38	of the county in which the municipality is located.
39	The copy of the resolution must include a statement of the names of the
40	persons voting for and against it.

